

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER



LOCAL GOVERNMENT INVESTMENT POOL
INVESTMENT POLICY

DECEMBER 19, 2025



LAURA M. MONTOYA
NEW MEXICO STATE TREASURER

Table of Contents

I.	Statement of Purpose/Statutory Authority.....	3
II.	Definitions	3
III.	Identification of Funds	4
IV.	Objectives	5
V.	Philosophy	5
VI.	Standards of Care.....	5
	A. Delegation by the State Treasurer of Investment Authority	5
	B. Ethics and Conflict of Interest	6
	C. Prudence	6
VII.	Controls	6
	A. Custody	6
	B. Investment Advisor/Consultant	7
	C. Approved Broker-Dealers and Counterparties	7
	D. Competitive Transactions	7
	E. Internal Controls	8
	F. External Controls	9
	G. State Treasurer’s Investment Council.....	9
VIII.	Eligible and Ineligible Investments.....	9
	A. Eligible Investments	9
	B. Ineligible Investments.....	10
	C. Repurchase Agreements	10
IX.	Investment Parameters	11
	A. Diversification	11
	B. Maturity Restrictions	12
	C. Portfolio Duration	13
	D. Credit Quality	13
X.	Reporting:.....	13
	A. Specific Reporting Requirements.....	13
	B. Performance Standards.....	14
	C. Quarterly Reporting	14
	D. Annual Reporting	14
XI.	Allocation of Investment Income.....	14
XII.	Ongoing Training.....	14
XIII.	Investment Policy Review/Adoption	15
XIV.	Reasonable Audit, Administrative, and Investment Expenses	15

I. Statement of Purpose/Statutory Authority

The New Mexico State Treasurer is a fiduciary of public funds. The purpose of this Investment Policy is to establish investment guidelines for the New Mexico State Treasurer, who is responsible for the stewardship of the State Treasurer's Office (STO) Investment Program, specifically the Local Government Investment Pool ("LGIP").

STO is established by Article V, Section 1 of the New Mexico Constitution. The duties and responsibilities of the State Treasurer are further defined by Chapters 6 and 8 of the New Mexico Statutory Code.

Specific authority concerning the investment of the LGIP can be found at NMSA 1978, Sections 6-10-10 (1933, as amended through 2021) and 6-10-10.1 (1988, as amended through 2019).

STO will submit this LGIP Investment Policy, on behalf of the State Treasurer, to the State Board of Finance pursuant to its advice and consent role established in Section 6-10-10.

Each transaction and entire portfolio must comply with applicable New Mexico state statutes and this Investment Policy. All investment program activities will be evaluated by the standards of this Policy and ranking of Primary Investment Objectives. Those activities that violate the intent of this Investment Policy will be deemed to be violations of this Investment Policy. This Policy conforms to the customary standards of prudent investment management. In the event that New Mexico state statutes are amended, this Policy will be updated by the Treasurer and presented to the New Mexico State Board of Finance for advice and consent.

II. Definitions

Authorized Investment Officers	Those individuals and third-party entities authorized by the State Treasurer to invest monies on behalf of the State of New Mexico.
Custodian	A specialized financial institution, approved by the State Board of Finance, responsible for the safekeeping of assets. The assets may be in electronic or physical form. Some additional responsibilities may include facilitating securities settlements and the collection of income on assets held in safekeeping.
Duration	A measure of the price sensitivity of an underlying security, or portfolio, to changes in interest rates.
DVP	Delivery Versus Payment, a method of securities settlement where securities are simultaneously exchanged for payment.
Fiscal Agent Bank	A bank or savings and loan association designated by the State Board of Finance pursuant to NMSA 1978, §6-10-35, acting on behalf of the State of New Mexico, to perform various financial functions. Fiscal agent bank functions include the collection of all monies received by the State of New Mexico and the management of STO's checking account. Monies held at the Fiscal Agent Bank are managed to a target balance after payment of checks, warrants, Automated Clearing House (ACH) volume and wire transfers processed by the State.

Investment Grade Ratings	Issuer ratings within any of the following rating agency ranges:		
	RATING AGENCY	LONG-TERM	SHORT-TERM
	Standard & Poor's	A to AAA	A-1 or Better
	Fitch	A to AAA	F1 or Better
	Moody's	A2 to Aaa	P-1
Maturity Date	The date on which the principal amount of a debt instrument becomes due and is repaid to the investor, along with all remaining interest.		
Put	A put option on a debt security allows the bondholder to force the issuer, remarketing agent or letter of credit provider to repurchase the security at specified dates prior to the stated maturity.		
Supranational Obligations	An international development institution formed by two or more central governments, limited to issuers domiciled within the United States: International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD), International Finance Corporation (IFC), and Inter-American Development Bank (IADB).		
WAM	Weighted Average Maturity. For a given portfolio, the average maturity of investment holdings weighted by the relative size of each position.		

III. Identification of Funds

There is created in the state treasury the "local government investment pool". The fund shall consist of all deposits from participating governments, including revenues dedicated to repaying bonds, that are placed in the custody of the state treasurer for investment purposes pursuant to state statutes. The state treasurer shall maintain one or more separate accounts for each participating government having deposits in the local government investment pool and may divide the fund into two or more subfunds, as the state treasurer deems appropriate, for short-term and medium-term investment purposes, including one or more subfunds for bond proceeds deposited by participating governments 6-10-10.1 (A).

This Investment Policy applies only to the investment of the LGIP short-term and medium-term funds managed by the State Treasurer. The LGIP is a pool of funds created by the New Mexico State Legislature. Any local governing body, the governing authority of a tribe or any other governmental or quasi-governmental body created or authorized to be created pursuant to New Mexico statutes may participate in the short-term LGIP, as permitted by Section 6-10-1.1 (C) and Section 6-10-10.1). This fund will be called Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) Short-Term Fund.

The Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) Medium-Term Fund will be established to provide investment opportunities specifically for the New Mexico State Investment Council (SIC).

IV. Objectives

The LGIP will be invested in a manner that is in conformance with federal, state, and other legal requirements.

The Chief Investment Officer (CIO) and Authorized Investment Officers (AIOs) will observe the following priorities in making investment decisions, in the order described:

1. **Safety**—The priority is the preservation of the funds invested in the pool;
2. **Liquidity**—The second priority is maintaining sufficient availability of cash, or the capacity to obtain it without sacrificing principal loss, to satisfy the reasonably anticipated, continuing operational requirements of the LGIP; and
3. **Return**—The third priority is maximizing investment return, consistent with the higher priorities accorded to the safety and liquidity of principal.

Pursuant to Section 6-10-10.1(I), the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) Short-Term Fund is managed to an “AA” rating or better. The Chief Investment Officer and Authorized Investment Officers will comply with all rating agency criteria to maintain the LGIP’s statutory rating requirement.

The Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) Short-Term Fund shall be invested with the objective of preserving a stable net asset value (NAV) of \$1.00 per share.

The Local Government Investment Pool Medium-Term Fund is not required by Section 6-10-10.1(I) to be managed pursuant to a rating by a Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization.

The LGIP Medium-Term Fund shall be invested with a floating net asset value to reflect its longer maturity structure, subject to mark-to-market fluctuations in value.

V. Philosophy

The primary investment philosophy of STO is to match investment maturities with expected cash outflows. Securities shall generally be held until maturity, with the following exceptions:

- A security with declining credit may be sold prior to maturity to minimize loss of principal upon recommendation and approval by the State Treasurer’s Credit Committee.
- Liquidity needs of the portfolio require that a security be sold prior to maturity.
- A security rebalance, or swap would improve the quality, yield or target duration in the portfolio.

VI. Standards of Care

A. Delegation by the State Treasurer of Investment Authority

The State Treasurer shall invest the Local Government Investment Pool as provided in Section 6-10-10.

To ensure effective investment management of public funds, the State Treasurer has delegated investment functions to an Investment Division reporting to the Deputy Treasurer. The Investment Division includes a CIO and AIOs. AIOs will report to the CIO and the CIO will report to the Deputy Treasurer. The CIO will maintain a current list of Authorized Investment Officers.

B. Ethics and Conflict of Interest

The Deputy Treasurer, CIO and AIOs shall adhere to standards of conduct as follows:

- The Governmental Conduct Act, NMSA 1978, §§ 10-16-1 to -18 (1967, as amended through 2023);
- The State Treasurer's Employee Code of Conduct;
- The State Treasurer's Campaign Contributions Policy;
- The State Treasurer's Whistleblower Policy;
- The Gift Act, NMSA 1978, §§ 10-16B-1 to -4 (2007, as amended through 2019); and
- The Procurement Code, NMSA 1978, §§ 13-1-28 to -199 (1984, as amended through 2023).

The CIO and AIOs shall file personal disclosure forms as required by the Governmental Conduct Act and the State Treasurer's Code of Conduct.

C. Prudence

The Deputy Treasurer, CIO and AIOs shall perform investment duties in a manner consistent with this LGIP Investment Policy and the standard of a prudent investor² considering the purposes, terms, distribution requirements, and other circumstances then prevailing as to the assets entrusted to them.

In the process of investing funds in the LGIP, the CIO and AIOs will exercise reasonable care, skill, diligence, and prudence considering investments not in isolation, but in the context of the portfolio as a whole and as part of an overall investment strategy. That strategy shall incorporate the risk and return objectives articulated in this LGIP Investment Policy.

The CIO and AIOs—acting in accordance with New Mexico Statutes, written procedures, this LGIP Investment Policy, and exercising due diligence—shall be relieved of personal liability for an individual security's credit risk or market price changes, provided deviations from expectations are reported in a timely manner and appropriate action is taken to control adverse developments.

VII. Controls

A. Custody

All investment securities purchased by the CIO and AIOs, held as collateral on repurchase agreements and bank deposits or held as collateral on securities lending agreements, shall be held in third-party safekeeping at a financial institution qualified to act in this capacity.

All securities held for the LGIP will be free and clear of any lien and all transactions will be conducted in compliance with Section 6-10-10(O), which requires same-day transfer of funds with the settlement of securities.

The Custodian will provide reports that list all transactions that occurred within the LGIP during the month and all securities held for the LGIP at month-end including the book and market value of holdings.

The representatives of the Custodian responsible for, or in any manner involved with, the safekeeping and custody process of the LGIP shall be bonded in amounts required by the

² See Uniform Prudent Investor Act, NMSA 1978, §§ 45-7-601 to -612 (1995).

State Board of Finance under a custody agreement to protect from losses due to malfeasance and misfeasance.

B. Investment Advisor/Consultant

STO may enter into an agreement with an investment advisor or consultant for investment management or advisory services. The investment advisor or consultant will operate under the direction of the State Treasurer.

The investment advisor or consultant shall:

- be registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940;
- have at least seven years' experience in managing or advising government debt for other governments and fiduciary institutions and has had at least \$1 billion under management for investment disciplines similar to this Policy;
- has liability and fiduciary insurance coverage;
- does not have a proprietary interest in any portfolio manager or fund manager utilized by the State Treasurer; and
- shall submit form ADV Part 2A on an annual basis to the State Treasurer.

C. Approved Broker-Dealers and Counterparties

To ensure the proper separation of duties from the investment functions, the State Cash Manager shall maintain a list of broker-dealers and counterparties approved to provide investment services to the LGIP specifically and the state generally. Eligible broker-dealers will need to meet all of the following conditions:

- The broker-dealer and its representatives must be registered pursuant to the New Mexico Uniform Securities Act, NMSA 1978, §§ 58-13C-101 to -701 (2009)³;
- The broker-dealer must be registered with the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA);
- All broker-dealer representatives who have direct contact with securities trading between STO and the firm must have a FINRA Series 7 License, or equivalent certification;
- The broker-dealer representatives must have a minimum of five (5) years of continuous employment history involving fixed income securities, with exceptions permitted for sales and trading assistants acting in temporary administrative capacities; and
- Counterparties must operate under the terms of a securities lending or repurchase agreement.

The Broker-Dealer list will be submitted to the State Treasurer's Investment Council (STIC) for recommendation and will be approved by the State Treasurer. The list will be submitted to the State Board of Finance for its advice and consent.

D. Competitive Transactions

The CIO and AIOs will conduct all securities transactions in a fair, open and transparent competitive process:

³ See also 12.11.2 NMAC.

- All securities transactions shall be conducted on a best execution basis, subject to diversification constraints.
- Best execution means that the CIO and AIOs must seek the best price for a security in the marketplace and must ensure that unnecessary brokerage costs and charges are not incurred when transactions are executed. Transactions executed represent the best qualitative execution, not just the lowest price.
- Every effort to obtain at least three bids or offers on a specific security will be conducted. If unobtainable, documentation of comparable securities accompanied by current market levels will be retained, to provide evidence of price transparency and trade execution at competitive levels.
- Offers or bids for securities may be received from approved broker-dealers or direct issuers by any of the following means:
 - By phone; or
 - By e-mail or other form of electronic communication; or
 - Through an electronic trading platform; or
 - Directly from issuers of eligible investments.

E. Internal Controls

The CIO will maintain sufficient internal controls to protect against the loss of public funds arising from negligence, theft, or misuse. These controls will require the CIO to:

- Communicate regularly with the Deputy Treasurer regarding investment activities, including any significant changes in market value or credit quality of investment positions;
- Require monthly reconciliation of internal investment accounting and reporting to all external statements provided by the custodian and other financial institutions;
- Monitor compliance with applicable state statutes;
- Require Delivery Versus Payment security settlement except for physical securities;
- Maintain clear delegation of investment authority;
- Ensure the separation of investing authority from cash activities and recordkeeping;
- Ensure that all deposits are sufficiently collateralized pursuant to 2.60.4 NMAC or as required by the rating agency for the LGIP, whichever is greater;
- Require the use of approved objective criteria in selecting broker-dealers and financial institutions authorized to provide investment services to the state;
- Maintain documentation on investment procedures;
- Report violations of this policy to the State Treasurer in a timely manner;
- Require the use of agency-approved objective criteria in awarding investment purchases and sales to authorized financial institutions and broker-dealers;
- Ensure assets are valued by marking holdings to current market prices, thereby representing the full liquidation value of the LGIP;
- Ensure the NAV per share is computed by dividing the total market value of the LGIP's investments, less any liabilities, by the total outstanding shares of the LGIP; and,
- If the market-based NAV for the LGIP Short-Term Fund deviates from the \$1.00 NAV by more than 0.15% (\$0.0015; equating to less than \$0.9985 or more than \$1.0015), the CIO shall notify the Deputy Treasurer, in conjunction with the AIOs, to determine what, if any, actions need to be taken.
- The LGIP Medium-Term Fund will have a floating NAV with no restrictions regarding deviations in its value.

F. External Controls

- STO will retain all records related to LGIP investment activities pursuant to state law. As provided by the Audit Act, NMSA 1978, §§ 12-6-1 to-14 (1969, as amended through 2019), the State Auditor or a designated independent auditor will review the investment activities of STO regarding the LGIP to determine the compliance of those activities with this LGIP Investment Policy and state statutes.
- The market value of all funds held by the custodian will be calculated monthly and provided to the State Treasurer.

G. State Treasurer's Investment Council

The State Treasurer may establish the State Treasurer's Investment Council (STIC), an advisory Council to review investment reporting and any other matters of the State Treasurer's choosing.

- The Investment Council shall consist of five (5) voting members: the State Treasurer, or designee; a member of the Treasurer's staff upon appointment by the Treasurer or designee; the director of the State Board of Finance, or designee; and two members who are participants in the private investment community or have expert knowledge or professional experience in the subject of public finance or public money investing, of which one member will be appointed by the State Treasurer and approved by the State Board of Finance and one member will be appointed by the State Board of Finance and approved by the State Treasurer. The member of the Treasurer's staff shall be selected in a manner consistent with maintaining a separation of responsibilities between STO investment managers and the members of the council.
- Each private sector member shall serve at the pleasure of the State Treasurer or the State Board of Finance appointing the private-sector member. The private-sector members shall serve for a term of two (2) years after appointment and shall be eligible for reappointment to serve for consecutive two (2) year terms. Any vacancy created by a private sector member shall be filled in the same manner as original appointments.

VIII. Eligible and Ineligible Investments

A. Eligible Investments

Eligible Investments are only those securities and deposits specifically authorized by statute. Consistent with Sections 6-10-10 and 6-10-10.1, the CIO and AIOs may invest in the following:

- Cash at Banks, Savings and Loan Associations, or Credit Unions whose deposits are insured by an agency of the United States and are certified or designated as eligible to receive public money on deposit in New Mexico;
- Securities issued by the United States government;
- Securities issued or guaranteed by United States government agencies, government sponsored enterprises (GSEs), or instrumentalities including mortgage obligations;
- Securities issued by supranational entities, as defined in this policy;
- Repurchase Agreements, subject to restrictions contained in Section VII, paragraph C of this LGIP Investment Policy;
- Securities Lending Agreements;

- Commercial Paper issuers rated “prime” quality by a nationally recognized rating service, defined in this policy as investment grade, issued by corporations that are organized and operating in the United States and are included on STO’s approved issuer list;
- Corporate Bond issuers rated investment grade, as defined in this policy, by a nationally recognized rating service, issued by corporations that are organized and operating in the United States and are included on STO’s approved issuer list;
- Asset-Backed Obligations rated “AAA” or better by a nationally recognized rating service;
- Shares of open-ended diversified investment companies that are registered with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission; comply with the diversification, quality, and maturity requirements of Rule 2a-7, or any successor rule, of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission applicable to money market mutual funds; assess no fees pursuant to Rule 12b-1, or any successor rule, of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, no sales load on the purchase of shares and no contingent deferred sales charge or other similar charges, however designated; and do not use swap and derivative products. STO shall not, at any time, own more than five percent (5%) of a money market mutual fund’s assets.
- Individual, common or collective trust funds of banks or trust companies that are invested only in United States Government and Agency obligations and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations; have assets under management of at least one-billion dollars (\$1,000,000,000); do not use swap and derivative products; and the investments made by STO are less than five percent (5%) of the assets of the fund.
- Securities issued by the State of New Mexico, its agencies, institutions, counties, municipalities, school districts, community college districts, or other subdivisions of the state, or as otherwise provided by law and rated investment grade as defined by this policy; or
- Securities issued by states other than New Mexico or governmental entities in states other than New Mexico and rated investment grade as defined by this policy.

B. Ineligible Investments

To provide for the safety and liquidity of funds, the Local Government Investment Pool is specifically prohibited from investing in:

- Short Sales
- Whole Loan Mortgage Obligations
- Reverse Repurchase Agreements, except under a securities lending agreement
- Inverse Floating Rate Notes
- Equity Securities
- Swaps and Derivatives

C. Repurchase Agreements

Repurchase Agreements are subject to additional restrictions:

- Transactions will be conducted only with currently approved dealers and counterparties included on the broker-dealer list, the Fiscal Agent Bank, or the master custodial bank, operating under the terms of a master repurchase agreement or securities lending agreement;

- Each approved repo counterparty must have a net worth in excess of five-hundred-million dollars (\$500,000,000);
- The maximum term of any repurchase agreement will be one (1) year; and
- Tri-Party Repurchase Agreement transactions may be entered into with a contracted custodial bank for this purpose, provided all securities meet the requirements within this policy.

Securities accepted as collateral for repurchase agreements will be subject to the following additional restrictions:

- Securities placed as collateral for repurchase agreements, with a final maturity less than 10 years, will be priced at 102% of market value, plus accrued income;
- Securities placed as collateral for repurchase agreements, with a final maturity of ten (10) years or greater, will be priced at 103% of market value, plus accrued income;
- Agency mortgage-backed securities placed as collateral for term repurchase agreements with a maturity longer than seven (7) days will be priced at 105% of market value, plus accrued income;
- Term repurchase agreements with a maturity date that is longer than seven (7) days are required to have daily pricing of collateral; and
- Only treasury and agency securities, including agency mortgage-backed obligations, will be utilized as collateral for repurchase agreements.

IX. Investment Parameters

To provide for the safety and liquidity of funds, the investment of the LGIP will be subject to the restrictions listed below. These represent minimum investment restrictions under this LGIP Investment Policy and there may be separate procedures containing additional, more restrictive limitations for certain investment instruments. All restrictions are based on current market value.

Maximum percentages for a particular issuer, investment type, or liquidity constraint may on occasion be exceeded due to unforeseen circumstances (e.g., due to fluctuations in fund balances). Exceptions will be reported to the Treasurer, the State Treasurer's Investment Council, and the State Board of Finance monthly. Steps will be taken to remedy any breaches that may put the LGIP's Short-Term Fund rating at risk of falling below the required AA or better rating. The LGIP Medium-Term Fund is not required by statute to be rated.

Percentage restrictions will be based on total portfolio market value on the settlement date of securities purchased.

A. Diversification

- GSEs or government-guaranteed investments rated AA or higher with final maturities shorter than thirty (30) days will be excluded from diversification limits;
- For the LGIP Short-Term Fund and Medium-Term Fund, collateralized bank deposits secured by Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) letters of credit (LOCs) qualify as credit substitutions, and will therefore be viewed as obligations of the collateral issuer, FHLB;
- Issuer limits for collateralized bank deposits include certificate of deposit (CD) exposure in aggregate;
- Variable rate demand notes that have a Put, standby purchase agreement or secured by a LOC, back to the issuer, remarketing agent, or LOC provider, will be considered to have a maturity equivalent to the Put date. These securities will not be attributable to the

floating rate note diversification calculation and will be considered the obligation of the standby purchaser or LOC provider.

Otherwise, the following diversification limits shall apply to the LGIP portfolio:

Allowable Securities	Diversification Limits	Further Limitations
US Treasury Obligations	100%	
US Agency/GSE Obligations > 30 days Primary Issuers— <i>FNMA, FHLMC, FFCB, FHLB</i> Secondary Issuers— <i>All Other Agencies/GSEs > 30 days</i>	100%	Per Primary Issuer: 33% Per Secondary Issuer: 5% Except TVA: 10%
US Agency Issued Mortgage-Backed Securities	25%	
Supranational Obligations	15%	Per Issuer: 5%
Bank Deposits—Collateralized A1+ or F1+—1 Day A1 or P1 or F1—1 Day A1 or P1 or F1—2 Days + A2 or P2 or F2 Bank Deposits (GSE Approved LOC) A2 or P2 or F2—1 Day	100% 100% 25% 10% 50%	Per Issuer: 50% 25% 5% 2.5% 25%
Commercial Paper, Corporate Bonds, Medium Term Notes, and Asset-Backed Obligations (<i>In Aggregate</i>)	40%	Per Corporate Issuer: 5% Per Asset-Backed Issuer: 5%
Open Ended 2a-7 Rated Fund US Treasury and Agency <i>Only</i>	100%	Per Fund: 10%
Municipal Securities Pre-refunded 100% escrowed with US Government related securities	15% 15%	Per Issuer: 5%
Repurchase Agreements (Business Days) A1+ or F1+—1 Day A1 or P1 or F1—1 Day A1 or P1 or F1—2-5 Days A1 or P1 or F1—6 Days + A2 or P2 or F2—1 Day	100% 100% 100% 10% 10%	Per Counterparty: 50% 25% 10% 5% 5%
Limited/Illiquid Securities (<i>In Aggregate</i>)	10%	Nonmarketable securities with maturities greater than 5 business days.

B. Maturity Restrictions

The following maturity limits shall apply to each portfolio:

LGIP SHORT-TERM FUND

Allowable Securities	Maturity Limits
All Securities	397 Days
Variable Rate Obligations US Treasury and GSE All Other	762 Days 397 Days

LGIP MEDIUM-TERM FUND

Allowable Securities	Maturity Limits
All Securities	3 Years

C. Portfolio Duration

The CIO and AIOs will manage the LGIP Short-Term Fund within the weighted average maturity (WAM) required by the LGIP's rating agency. The appropriate performance benchmark for the LGIP will be reflective of its short-term investment objective. The benchmark will be reviewed by the State Treasurer's Investment Council for recommendation and will be approved by the State Treasurer and the State Board of Finance annually.

The CIO and AIOs will manage the LGIP Medium-Term Fund within +/-15% of the WAM and duration of the appropriate performance benchmark. The benchmark will be reviewed by the State Treasurer's Investment Council for recommendation and will be approved by the State Treasurer and the State Board of Finance annually.

D. Credit Quality

The following issuer credit rating limits shall apply for the LGIP:

Investment Type	Credit	
	Short-Term	Long-Term
US Treasury Obligations		
US Agency Obligations		
US Agency Issued Mortgage-Backed Securities		
Supranational Obligations		AAA/Aaa
Bank Deposits—Collateralized	See Above	
Asset-Backed Obligations	A1+ or P1 or F1+	AAA/Aaa
Commercial Paper	A1 or P1 or F1	A/A2
Corporate Bonds	A1 or P1 or F1	A/A2
Open-Ended 2a-7 rated fund US Treasury and Agency <i>Only</i>	AAAm or Aaa-mf or Aaammf	
Municipal Securities	A1 or MIG1 or F1	A/A2
Repurchase Agreements	See Above	
Variable Rate Obligations US Treasury and Agency/GSE All other	A1 or P1 or F1	A/A2
Limited/Illiquid Securities	A1 or P1 or F1	A/A2

X. Reporting:

The CIO shall prepare a monthly investment report for the State Treasurer. For purposes of reporting, the LGIP Report may be combined with the reports of other assets under the management of the State Treasurer pursuant to the State Treasurer's Investment Policy.

An executive summary will be prepared in a manner that will allow the State Treasurer to ascertain whether investment activities during the reporting period comply with this LGIP Investment Policy, the State Treasurer's Investment Policy, and New Mexico statutes.

The CIO will submit and present the monthly investment report, on behalf of the State Treasurer, to the State Board of Finance and will post the report on the State Treasurer's website and otherwise make it available to the public.

A. Specific Reporting Requirements:

The report will include, at a minimum, the following:

- An asset listing showing par value, cost, market value, type of investment, issuer, and interest rate of securities held;

- For the LGIP Short-Term Fund, the total market value and amortized cost of all pool assets and the average 30-day yield, as of month-end;
- For the LGIP Short-Term Fund WAM to Reset and WAM to Final of the LGIP compared to the maximums allowable per the appropriate rating agency;
- For the LGIP Medium-Term Fund, the total market value and amortized cost of all pool assets, purchase yield and yield to maturity, as of month end;
- For the LGIP Medium-Term Fund, WAM and effective duration of each portfolio compared to its applicable approved benchmark;
- Average portfolio credit quality;
- Total rate of return for the LGIP for the last one (1) month, three (3) months, and twelve (12) months with applicable approved benchmark returns for the same periods;
- Sensitivity analysis on a quarterly basis;
- Transaction listing of the LGIP for the reporting period;
- Transaction summaries for the reporting period and fiscal-year-to-date that include trade volumes, distributions by type of investment and counterparty; and
- LGIP Investment compliance review.

B. Performance Standards

- The LGIP will be structured to obtain a market average rate of return considering investment risk constraints and cash flow needs.
- The LGIP will be compared to approved benchmarks that appropriately model the expected risk and return profile of each investment objective.

C. Quarterly Reporting

On a quarterly basis, the CIO shall prepare a quarterly investment report that describes the investment strategy for the LGIP employed during the past quarter and the strategy planned for the next quarter. Information will be reported to the State Treasurer's Investment Council and the State Board of Finance.

D. Annual Reporting

At the next regular State Treasurer's Investment Council meeting after September 30 of each year, the CIO shall present an annual investment report on the LGIP that describes the investment strategy employed during the past fiscal year and the strategy planned for the next fiscal year. The report shall include annual comparisons of the portfolio's return to the performance benchmark for the preceding fiscal year.

XI. Allocation of Investment Income:

The LGIP Short-Term Fund will distribute investment income based upon a portfolio's average daily balance and the investment income is calculated on an accrual basis. Investment income is credited monthly.

The LGIP Medium-Term Fund will distribute investment income monthly calculated on an accrual basis. The net asset value (NAV) of the Fund is a floating price subject to factors such as pool cash flows and market activity. Realized and unrealized gains and losses are reflected in the NAV calculated each month.

XII. Ongoing Training:

STO strives for professionalism and accountability in the investment of its funds. To assure the highest possible professional standards, STO will provide opportunities and funding for the personnel involved in the investment function to complete continuing education

programs or other training in cash and investment management sufficient to maintain their skills and remain up to date on best practices and new regulations.

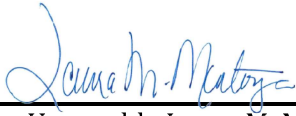
XIII. Investment Policy Review/Adoption:

It shall be the duty of the State Treasurer to bring amendments to the Investment Policy to the Board of Finance and obtain consent before updates to the Investment Policy take effect. The Investment Policy shall be reviewed at least every two years. At any time, the Treasurer may further restrict the types of instruments, issuers, and maturities as may be appropriate based on the current market conditions pursuant to Section 6-10-10 G.

XIV. Reasonable Audit, Administrative, and Investment Expenses

As required by Section 6-10-10.1(G), STO shall charge reasonable audit, administrative and investment expenses to all participants within the LGIP. The fee shall be calculated and collected monthly based on the average daily balance of the participant. The specific amount of the fee shall be no less than five (5) but no more than ten (10) basis points, as determined and announced in writing by the State Treasurer. All fees collected from LGIP participants shall be used by STO for administrative expenses and services necessary to operate the pool, including employee salaries and contractual services.

New Mexico State Treasurer's Office:

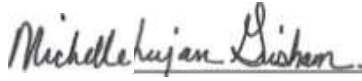


The Honorable Laura M. Montoya
New Mexico State Treasurer

12/20/2025

Date

By affixing the signature below, the State Board of Finance hereby provides its advice and consent pursuant to NMSA 1978, §6-10-10.



The Honorable Michelle Lujan Grisham
Governor of the State of New Mexico
President, State Board of Finance

12/20/2025

Date